TO-DAY'S NEWS IN BRIEF.

Local discount rates were quoted at 5 to 7 recent on call and time loans. The clear-nces were \$9.375,051; the balances \$1.173,613. Donestic exchange was quoted as follows:
New York, De discount bid, 10c discount
asked; Chicago, 15c discount bid, 10c discount asked; Chicago, 15c discount bid, par asked; New Orleans, 25c discount bid,
par asked; Louisville, 25c discount bid,
par asked; Louisville, 25c discount bid,
par asked; Louisville, 25c discount bid,

The local wheat market closed higher at 62%c July, 65%c a. Sept.; 66%c b. Dec.; 68%c b. Cor. 10%c No. 2 red. Corn closed higher at 45%c n. July; 46%c Sept.; 45%45%c No. 2 white. Oats closed at 30%c b, July; 29%c Sept.; 32c Dec.; ale No. 2

The local spot cotton market closed quiet

WASHINGTON. The War Department has been advised of the departure of General MacArthur for the United States. He will spend two weeks at

Nagasak!, en route. Sepor Saldivar, the Salvadoran Minister to the United States, goes home to recuperate his health.

The chief of the Treasury Bureau of Statistics has returned to Washington from visit to the capitals of European nations to secure data useful to a colony-holding na-

Pension Commissioner H. Ciny Evans has pleasant interview with the President, and in reply to his question is told there are no "special instructions" for him.

General Chaffee reports the death on July of Lieutenant Charles McClure of Iowa, at Catbalogan, Samar.

LOCAL AND SUBURBAN. Circuit Attorney Folk shows a big in-crease in Criminal Court convictions over the same period last year.

Erick Land of Minneapolis seeks a site for an apartment-house to cost \$170,000. The corner stone of the new St. Mark's Church will be laid to-morrow afternoon, Thieves ransack the house of Otto A. Orivs, and, failing to find much of value

to them, carry away the contents of the President Carleton of the Transit Com-Dany and Judge H. S. Priest, its counsel, declared that the company, by its franchise, is empowered to use the overhead

system on its Pine street division. The Pian and Scope Committee of the Executive Committee of the Louisiana Purchase Exposition Company, is busy with its work. Julius Pitzman is selected for landscape engineer.

Laclede Gas stock took a sudden upward jump in the market, on a report that fur-ther steps had been taken in the consolidation of the lighting companies. Richard Bachman, a victim of heat pros-

tration, attempted to commit suicide in his brother's home by slashing his wrist with amhis brother's razor Indications are that trouble is brewing

among members of the majority in the House of Delegates. of Delegates. The Board of Police Commissioners de-

cide to try Patrolman Atkisson on charges preferred by Mrs. Rossmann, who was arrested, with her young daughter, Tuesday

The City Council is expected to pass the House appropriation bill and frame a separate measure covering the posse comitatus An effort is being made to connect the assallant of Casper H. Ronsiek with the

Pirle murder. In his annual report Comptroller Player agrees with his predecessor. Mr. Sturgeon, that the city's income should be greatly facreased. The estimated deficiency for next

Councilman Gibson has introduced a bill DEPENDING ONLY year is \$889,426.77. providing four assistants to the City Chemist and to regulate the sale of milk and

cream by inspection and analysis. Miss Helen Bertram resigns as prima donna of the Delmar Garden Opera Company, and is succeeded by Miss Laura Mil-lard, who will appear in "Said Pasha."

GENERAL DOMESTIC. Farmer near Chillicothe, Mo., dies as he nghts a fire that had started on one of his

Miss Elizabeth Dickinson of Jersey City, licer of the Christian Endeavor

Society, has become a convert to the Mor-Allen O. Myers, a former high official of the Elks, has brought suit for \$50,000 dam-ages against the order. He was expelled

A movement has been inaugurated for the ment of a national home for aged and disabled engineers, it is proposed to locate it at Mattoon, Ill.

Former Rabbi Doctor J. Mendez de Solla. succembs to asthma at Denver. "Two gigantic corporations launched in

Texas, one with a capital of \$30,000,000, to p oil properties; the other capitalized at \$5,00,000, to carry on a lumber business. A new era of industrial development for the South is indicated in special correspond-

bors to death, then attempts suicide.

At an important conference with his lieuits, J. Pierpont Morgan approves of the truce arranged by the parties seeking to secure control of the Northern Pacific. Comptroller of the Currency Charles G. Dawes has tendered his resignation to President McKinley, to take effect October 1. He gives as a reason his desire to devote his entire time to his candidacy for the

SPORTING.

The Pennsylvanians were defeated by the Leanders in the Henley regatta yesterday. Shamrock II was defeated in two trial tests yesterday by the old challenger, Sham-

Another director of the Leipziger Bank, recently falled, committed suicide at Leip-23 Earl Russell's trial on a charge of bigamy will take place on July 18 before the House

RAILROADS. The Santa Fe has given notice of a heavy reduction in freight rates, which will service and affect the revenue of all Western lines.

Western Passenger Association will meet in Chicago on July 9. Central Passenger Association will meet at Cambridge Springs, Pa., on July 10, Western Passenger Association lines have agranted reduced rates for several meetings.

Several executive officials of the San Pedro, Los Angeles and Salt Lake are in San Francisco. Epes Randolph, superintendent of the Southern Pacific, has resigned, to take a position with the Huntington electric lines.

Engineers' offices of the Burlington at St. Joseph, Mo., will be moved to St. Louis on July 15.

Marine Intelligence. New York, July 5 .- Arrived: Phoenica

from Hamburg.
New York, July 5.—Arrived: Cymric, from Liverpool, New York, July 5.—Arrived: Koenigen

Yokohama, July 4.—Salled: Belgian King, from Hong-Kong, for San Diego and San Rotterdam, July 4.-Safled: Maasdam, New

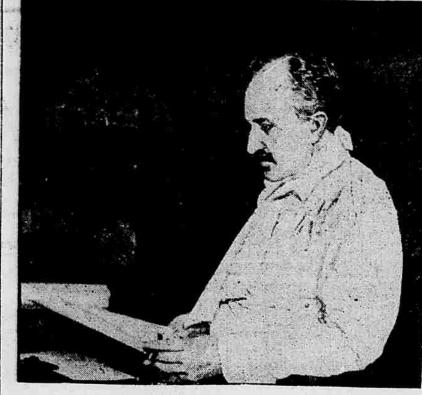
Liverpool, July 4.-Sailed: Georgic, New

London, July 5.-Sailed: Manitou, New York; Brazillan, Montreal. Moville, July 5.—Sailed: Corinthian, from Liverpool, Montreal; Furnesia, from Glasow, for New York. Queenstown, July 5.—Sailed: New Eng-

and, from Liverpool, for Boston. Havre, July 5. - Arrived: La Bretagne New York Auckland, New Zealand, July 5, 7

affed: Mariposa (from Sydney), Apia, Hon-lule and San Francisco. Quecasiowa, July 5.— Arrived: Lucania, iew Tork for Liverpool (and proceeded). New York; July 5.—Salled; Georgia, Ge-

SERIOUSLY, I EXPECT COOLER WEATHER IN A FEW DAYS."



By a Staff Photographer.

Doctor Hyatt meditatively regards the weather map just off the official press, which is located in the east win g of the Weather Bureau quarters in the dome of the Federal building.

these hot days, showing frequent visitors the mysteries of the Weather Bureau, distributing information and forecasts through the telephone, and scueezing out enough time now and then to attend a ball game.

During the present heated period Doctor Hyatt does the best he can with the official predictions, but to inquiring persons he is noncommittal, that he may not be brought squarely about when a rain comes where he has predicted sunshine.

"Seriously," said the weather man yester day, "I expect cooler weather in a few days. The principal cause for the present humidity is an area of high barometric pressure over the Southeastern States. This 'high' for the last two weeks has shifted little, and the breezes from the Gulf of Mexico send them up here minus their original freshness. At the present time we have a low barometer in the Southwest and another north of us. They move lazily about, and are apt at any time to take a sudden tack in any direction. This tendency accounts for the showers which come

Forecaster Hyatt is a very best man ily at this time of year. Their effect, how ever, is not far-reaching, and the sun and hot winds soon dry up the earth and banish all traces of the rains. Later on we should have regular July weather-hot days and moderately cool nights-but still later on, in September, we may have a repetition of the hot nights and unpleasantly sultry days."

> The Weatner Bureau thermometer yes terday afternoon at 3 o'clock registered 101 degrees, breaking all records for July 5 in St. Louis. The nearest approach to this temperature for any July 5 was in 1870, when a previous record was broken by a temperature that day of 98.9 degrees.

A refreshing breeze that blew steadily vesterday counteracted the humidity to a great extent. At 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon the thermometer registered 28 de grees, and jumped to 101 shortly before 3 o'clock. At the same time, however, a breeze was blowing at the rate of fifteen miles an hour.

Clouds gathered shortly after 3 o'clock, and when a reading was taken at 4 o'clock the mercury had dropped nine degrees. An up and blow over suddenly. It looks now hour later eight more degrees had been as if we would have some of these showers | subtracted from the temperature, and the before Sunday. They should come frequent- thermometer registered 86.

ON THUNDERSTORMS.

Weather Officials Cannot Promise Relief From Intense Heat-Prostrations in Washington.

Washington, July 5.- The tenth day of the present heated term was again "scorcher." except where severe thunder changes indulged cool weather. In Arkansas the East Gulf States, Northern Ohl and New York thunderstorms brought relief. In Southwestern New England also cooler weather prevailed, the temperature

To-night the Weather Bureau official To-night the Weather Bureau officials again say the only prospect for relief from the heat lies in the occurrence of storms. There is no promise, they say, of general thunderstorms sufficient to make a considerable fall in the temperature. Local thunderstorms will give temporary local relief, but Weather Bureau officials say permanent relief will not come until heavy storms or local rains prevail.

In Chicago a promise of a short respite

the South is indicated in special correspondence to Manufacturer's Record from scenes of greatest activity in Southern States.

Andrew Carnegie has soffcæed to donate francisco.

Russell Sage, discussing the recent dividend and the future plans of the United steel common a very good investment.

Farmer E. McConkey, living near St. Joseph, Mo., while temporarily insane as a result of intense heat, beats two neignbors to death, then attempts suicide.

ing. General Joseph W. Darr, who served on the staff of General Garfield during the Civil War, is critically ill from heat prostration. Doctor Edmund Weston, formerly of Vermont, but who has lived in Washington for many years, died from the effects of the heat Wednesday night.

Some of the highest temperatures reported to the Weather Bureau include the following: New York 99, Philadelphia 99, Chicago 90, Cincinnati 92, St. Louis 100, Kansas City 90, North Fiatte, Neb. 94, Dodge City, Kas., 96, Oklahoma City 162.

ONE FATALITY FROM HEAT.

Three Prostrations Reported-Fireman Overcome.

There were four cases of heat prostration yesterday. One of them proved fatal.

Hugo Boethig, a laborer, who lived at No. 1829 Papin street, was found dead in bed at 6:30 o'clock yesterday morning, having succumbed to the heat. His body was removed to the morgue by Policeman Hunt. Boethig has no relatives in this country, but is said to have some rich relatives in Germany.

Michael Obinsky, 39 years old, of No. 600 South Seventh street, was overcome at his home and taken to the hospital, where his condition is not thought serious.

Frank T. Mudge, doorkeeper at the Merchants' Exchange, was overcome by heat while on duty yesterday. He revived after a few minutes, and was taken to his home. He is out of danger.

Joseph Karb, a fireman at Engine Company No. 11, was overcome by heat yesterday afternoon while working at a fire at No. 113 Sidney street. He was removed to his home. No. 2416 South Thirteenth street. His condition is not serious. The fire was in a carpenter shop owned by William Voelder.

WELCOME THUNDERSTORM.

Lower Temperature Brings Fur ther Relief to New York.

New York, July 5.—A severe thunder-storm swept over this city this afternoon and brought with it comfort to millions of heat-stricken New Yorkers. The tempera-ture fell fifteen degrees in less than two hours, and over two inches of rain fell. Some of the sewers, unable to carry off the tremendous volume of water, burst, flooding the streets in various localities, and in many cases stores and residences. Lightning struck several buildings, but no serious damage was done.

TWO DEATHS AT DAVENPORT. Davenport, Ia., July 5.—There were two leaths here to-day from the extreme heat.

TINWORKERS' WAGES.

American Tin Plate Company Signs the New Scale.

Pittsburg, Vuly 5.—It has just been officially announced that the tinhouse scale has been settled by the International Tin Plate Workers' Protective Association with the American Tin Plate Company. Additional Tin Plate Company.

JONES CONVERTED BY

TEXAS SWEETHEART.

Valet, Self-Accused Murderer of Millionaire Rice, Turns to Religion.

storms, local rains or violent atmospheric | LOVE LEADS TO REPENTANCE.

From His Former Home the Prisoner Receives a Letter That Touches His Heart-The Pleading of a Girl.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

New York, July 5 .- Charles F. Jones has turned his thoughts upon religion, and, through the influence of his former sweet heart, who lives in Texas, he has been led to make a profession of Christianity, To tarium in West Forty-fourth street he has expressed a sincere desire to enter upon the punishment which, he says, he believes should be his because of his crime. Since his arrest, and especially since he nade the confession that the old Texas

millionaire, William M. Rice, was murdered by Albert T. Patrick and himself, Jones has been as inconsistent in his whims and fancies as a schoolgirl. At times he has been morose, and once he made an attempt upon his life that was almost successful. One day he has joked with his guards, and the next he has spoken to them no more than has been absolutely necessary.

than has been absolutely necessary.

Jones made an attempt early last spring to persuade the girl who once confessed that she loved him, to announce that she still believed herself to be his promised wife. The young woman, who lives in Houston, Tex., did not do this, but she did consent to correspond with him, giving him hope that the future might be bright for both of them. Not long ago Jones received from her a letter which so affected him that for several days he spent most of his time reading his Bible. He then sent a letter to Houston bearing the news to his fair correspondent that her teachings had been accepted.

Letter From His Texas Sweetheart.

The letter which had so great an influence upon Jones is in part as follows:

Dear Charles: Your welcome letter was a little long in coming, but I will pardon the delay, as I do not suppose you feel much like writing. You said that you are surprised that I write to you at all, knowing what you are. I have never condemned you. I know you had a tempter. We are all subject to temptations, and of course some are weaker than others.

My dear Charles, if when you went to that wicked city of New York you had the love of God in your heart you could have resisted any temptation, however great it might have been, for Satan has his traps set and the weak ones are sure to fall into them. Letter From His Texas Sweetheart.

set and the weak ones are sure to fall into them.

"Now, Charles, as you say, there can be no denying that you have fallen into one of the trans that were spread for you. If you keep to your present intentions, I am sure that you will yet be happy. Ask God's forgiveness. Ask him to help you, and you will come out all right, for 'if God be for us, who can be against us?' I know you have suffered, but it will console you to know that there are others who have gone through it with you. Yes, let bygones be bygones, and live for the future. I hope you will find a little comfort in what I have said.

will find a little comfort in what I have said.

"Now, Charles, you have asked for my decision. It is one and the same, unchangeable as the sun, moon and stars. I have not received your picture yet, and hope you will send it soon. Remember what I have said to you. Give yourself to God and trust in him to carry you through. I am as ever, yours with love."

On occasions Jones speaks to his guards of this girl in Texas. He says that she is the only person in the world that has not lost confidence in him, and he promises that, if the opportunity is ever his, he will show her that he is not entirely bad. Since its profession of Christianity he has lost most of his moodiness and his health has improved.

WILL BORE FOR OIL.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Texarkana. Tex., July 5.—The Texarkana. Improvement Company, with a capital stock of \$50,000, was organized here to-day for the purpose of boring for oil. The company's first step was to order 2,000 feet of tipe and a full outlay for boring.

ECREMA; NO CURE, NO PAY. Your druggist will refund your money if Pass Ointment fails to cure Ringworm, Tetter, Old Ulcers and Sores, Pimples and Black-heads on the face, and all skin diseases. Sc.

MRS. NATION RAISED RUMPUS IN ST. LOUIS.

Noted Saloon Wrecker Arrested for Threatening to Destroy a Bar on Walnut Street.

RODE IN THE PATROL WAGON.

Lectured the Police When Arraigned at Central District Station-Released by Captain Reynolds.

Mrs. Carrie Nation's threat to wreck the saloon of Oheim Brothers, No. 316 Walnut street, last night, resulted in her arrest by Patrolman Florida. She was conveyed in a patrol wagon to the Central District Station, but was released by Captain Reynolds, who informed her that if she created another disturbance she would be locked up.

From the police station Mrs. Nation went

to the Union Station and departed at 8:30 o'clock for Crawfordsville, Ind., where she is to stand trial to-day for attempting to wreck a saloon several days ago. Mrs. Nation was on her way to the Cath-olic Cathedral at Third and Walnut streets, when she saw a man sitting on a beer keg in front of Oheim Brothers' saloon. She sald a few words to him, and then, turning to some men standing near, began lec-turing them about the drink habit. Her words were spoken in a loud tone, and a crowd soon gathered. Taking from her handbag a nickel-plated hatchet, which she is selling as a souvenir of her saloonwrecking career in Kansas, she brandished it and started for the front door of the sa-

it and started for the front door of the saloon. She was stopped by the men. The bartender came to the door, and Mrs. Nation addressed him, saying:

"You have murdered that poor man! Shame on you! Look at his helpless condition. You are to biame for it all, and must answer for it. Had I the power, I would wreck every saloon in town."

Fearing that she might carry her threat into execution, the bartender blew a police whistle, and Patrolman Florida soon appeared. He took the woman to a patrol box and summoned the wagon. Some one in the crowd recognized Mrs. Nation, and informed the officer who she was. While wanting for the wagon, Mrs. Nation addressed the crowd, which by this time numbered 500.

At the station Mrs. Nation foregents to bered 500.

At the station Mrs. Nation frequently interrupted the officer while he was telling Captain Reynolds of her conduct at the saloon. Striking her first on the desk railing, she aveining.

loon. Striking her first on the desk railing, she excialmed:

"What an outrage, for you police officers to stand around and see men murdered. You will not even raise your hands to assist them, but will arrest a woman who has the courage to try to put down the greatest curse that ever befell the human race. That man in front of the saloon was stabbed in the brain. His assassin was the man who runs the saloon. That saloon keeper murders hundred of men every day, yet he I allowed to continue his slaughter of souls."

"My good woman," said Captain Reyn-olds, "you must not disturb the peace of citizens, for if you do, you will have to suf-

citizens, for if you do, you will have to suffer the consequences."

"I don't want to disturb citizens," answered Mrs. Nation, "I want to disturb hell. Don't think I am crazy, for you are mistaken. I just got here to-day from Crawfordsville, Ind., where I got \$290 for delivering a lecture before the Elks. I must be back there to-morrow to stand trial. The people that are crazy are the police, for they don't seem to know a sane woman from a crazy woman."

"You may go, now," said Captain Reynolds, "but if you create another disturbance I will have to lock you up."

"Well, Captain," answered Mrs. Nation, "I have but a short time to catch my train, and will you please send me to the Union and will you please send me to the Union Station in the patrol wagon?"

"It's too far to run the horses," answered Capfain Reynolds, "You had better take the street car."

Mrs. Nation then left the police station and started down Clark avenue for the Union Station.

MRS. NATION IN TERRE HAUTE. Hunts Up City Official in Saloon

and Creates a Scene. REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Terre Haute, Ind., July 5.—Carrie Nation stopped off here for three hours to-day and visited many saloons, but did no damage. She hired a hack and drove to the Mayor's office, but found him absent.

Later, she was told that one of the city officials was in a saloon, and she said: "I want to see a city officer who will stay in a saloon."

a saloon."

She drove to the place and found him there. A crowd gathered and the official took hold of Mrs. Nation and tried to eject her, but she refused to go.

One saloonkeeper furnished her with a bottle of whisky, and she broke it on the sidewalk with her hatchet. She left this afterneon.

KILLED HIS FATHER.

Crime Followed Refusal to Grant a Small Favor.

Milford, Del., July 5.—Upon the refusal of his father to allow him the use of a team for a drive yesterday afternoon, Edward Windsor went to his room in the Windsor Hotel, of which his father, Thomas B. Windsor, is proprietor, procured his shotgun, and, returning to the barroom, fired a charge full into his father's breast. Today the attending physicians say Mr. Windsor will die.

The son disappeared after the shooting, and the officers have thus far been unable to find him. It is supposed that he has committed suicide.

ALF NED.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

O'Fallon, Ill., July 5.—Alfred Wilson, son of Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Wilson, former residents of St. Louis, died here to-day of ty-

N. E. A. EXCURSION. \$15-Detroit and Return-\$15.

(Including Membership Fee.)

Call at Wabash Office. Eighth and Olive, and secure tickets and berths for special N. E. A. train, leaving St. Louis at 7:10 p. m. Monday, July 8 Monday, July 8. E. D. Lucky, C. G. Rathmann, P. Herzog, Committee, one of whom will be at above office daily from 10 to 11:30 a. m.

INCORPORATED—The Mohawk Mining and Milling Company, capitalized at \$10,000, filed articles of incorporation yesterday with Recorder of Deeds Hahn. The 100 shares of stock, valued at \$100 each, are distributed as follows; George B. Crane, 27; John A. J. Schultz, 42; John A. Harrison, 5; Edward A. Keller, 5; Bruce A. Aivord, 1; Fred Vorwald, 5; Charles Pauley, 5; James Ensign, 5; Henry Dierkes, 3, and Henry Baird, 2. The Gildehaus Grocer Company has a capital of \$100, divided into 61 shares, valued at \$100 each. Frederick J. Gildehaus holds 30 shares, Edna C. Gildehaus 1, and Herman L. Nelsouse 30.

THE SUNDAY-SCHOOL LESSON. God Is the Creator of All Things.

(Gen. i, 1, to xi, 3.) (Prepared for The Republic by J. E. Gilbert, D. Secretary of American Society of Religious Education.)

D. Secretary of American Society of Religious Education.)

INTRODUCTION—The lesson for the 23d of June pertained to that part of the vision of John in Patmos, in which he saw the new heaven and the new earth, which is to be the consummation of the divine purpose. To-day we turn back to the beginning of this world's history. John was the seer of the future, Moses of the past. The latter doubtless was helped by the patriarchs who may have handed down from generation to generation, possibly in writing, as some think, more likely by tradition, what was communicated by the spirit of God to the first man or to some of his earlier descendants. It is believed by Doctor Murphy, professor in Hebrew in the University of Belfast, that this account of creation formed part of an earlier Bible from which Moses copied, and with which men of other nations may have been familiar, while a few modern critics who have not been able to impress the people with their theories contend that this passage, together with other parts of Genesis, may be regarded as folk-lore, destitute of historic value, but worthy a place in our book because of certain truths contained therein.

DIFFICULTIES—The interpretation of this chanter has been attended with much

DIFFICULTIES—The interpretation of this chapter has been attended with much difficulty, because men have endeavored to explain it in the light of current science. In this way there has been read into it at one time what conflicted with later conclusions, and the unbelieving have reads much out. this way there has been read into it at one time what conflicted with later conclusions, and the unbelleving have made much out of the lack of harmony. Whereas the only trouble lay in setting human opinion of one time against human opinion of another time. Take Illustrations: I. Some were troubled because light was created before the sun. Later it was found that light does not all emanate from the sun, and might, therefore, precede it. 2. The word firmament conveys the idea of something material and permanent, and it was thought the notions of the ancients had crept in here. But this was the fault of the translators, who used this English word to meet their ideas. The Hebrew word means expanse—the region occupled by the atmosphere. 3. The sun and moon are mentioned as if produced on the fourth day, leaving the impression that the earth existed before them. Whereas the text says no such thing. It is simply stated that the luminaries were appointed for times and seasons. They existed before the beginning.

CHAOS—In a single sentence (verse 1)

that the luminaries were appointed for times and seasons. They existed before the beginning.

CHAOS—In a single sentence (verse I) the fact is stated that the heaven and earth were created—they were not eternal. In this statement are included all the worlds in space. Attention is then limited to the globe on which we live, Moses does not give an astronomical account, except as the other bodies are related to this. He makes special mention of the fact that the earth was without form and void, in a chaotic state, destitute of life at the time of which he began to write. He does not say how it came to be so. There is an intimation that it was not always in that condition, for the verb translated is in the past perfect tense, and might properly be rendered had become. That is to say, that the earth passed through changes prior to the time of Moses's writing; that possibly upheavals occurred through the ages until it became an irregular and confused mass from which all life had perished, over which darkness reigned. At that point Moses began and showed how the globe was set in order and prepared for man.

TIME—One of the most prominent features of this record, deserving therefore early attention, is the time element. It is asserted that the creation of the universe was "in the beginning," an expression used in reference to Christ. (John I, I.) No one knows when that was. Push it back as far as may be necessary into the distant past and the narrative is not affected. The chief purpose here is, not so much to fix a chronology, as to designate a starting point. That was the beginning of time; the beginning of the acts by which the Almighty produced the material universe. The stages of the after work are called days, six in number. These could not have been solar days of twenty-four hours each, for the term is used here in three different senses, and in the fourth verse of the second chapter all the days are included in one day. Besides, the Hebrew, Yom, translited day, denotes a period of time of indefinite length, and

dicating an order in that work.

MODE—It is very important that the method pursued by the creator should be kept in mind. It is said that the "spirit of God moved upon the face of the waters" (verse 2); that is, brooded over the shapeiess mase. It was by the energy of the Holy Spirit (Psalm civ, 30), that the life and beauty and order of the globe appeared; not by any power inhering in matter. That spirit was the force which under various manifestations is brown to meder various manifestations. ty and order of the globe appeared; not by any power inhering in matter. That spirit was the force which under various manifestations is known to modern science. It was not merely a continuous influence exerted by the Spirit, but an intelligent putting forth of energy, preceded by a determination and decree. God spake (Psalm xxxili, 9) and nature obeyed. That speech or word was the outgoing of divine reason (John i, 14), which centuries after became incarnate in the person of Christ, so that all things were created by him. (Col. 1, 16.) There were two kinds of acts. One of these was strictly creative—the producing of something out of nothing—indicated in reference to matter, life and spirit—three entities. The other act was that of making, in which existing materials were used. And in this there seems to be an evolutionary process expressed by the words "brought forth."

ORDER—During the six days or periods the results of the divine working appeared in this order: Cosmic light, the firmament or expanse, with atmosphere; the separation of water from land and vegetation, the luminaries, the lower animals, the higher animals and man. This order is progressive, from lower to higher—chemical, vitat, spiritual. It was according to a plan that lay in the infinite mind (Psalm civ, 24), and that plan was in harmony with what is now denominated natural law. Indeed, there is no reason to doubt that primitive matter, under the influence of the Holy Spirit, obedient to the flat of God, became subject to those forces that now operate with unerring precision, producing all that we behold. Or, to state it differently, God was pleased to establish at the beginning a definite process in nature by which he wrought out a dwelling place for man. Accepting the nebular hypothesis, Sterry Hunt, the foremost chemist of England, has shown in an essay read before the Royal Institute that from the ancient star dust to the present condition, the order would be as described in scripture, with, certain breaks requiring special energy at the

esson.

MAN—Moses introduces human beings as
the crowning work of God, made in his
mage, distinguished thereby from all the
mimal kingdom. That image doubtless referred to his constitution, as hody, soul and spirit (I Thess. v. 23), comparable to the per-sons of the Godhead (Matt. xxviii, 19); also day the attending physicians say Mr. Windsor will die.

The son disappeared after the shooting, and the officers have thus far been unable to find him. It is supposed that he has committed suicide.

The elder Windsor was formerly Sheriff of Sussex County.

WILL PROSPECT FOR OIL.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

San Angelo, Tex. July 5.—Spourwood parties who have organized an oil company and leased lands in Coke County for developing purposes, will begin boring in a few days. The company's agents who examined the territory report prospects good.

J. S. Rascoe of Carlsbad, New Mexico, is reported to have leased several thousand acres of land in Runnels County for oil and mineral prospecting purposes.

COLONEL JULIAN SCOTT.

New York, July 5.—Colonel Julian Scott, the well-known artist, is dead at his home in Plainfield, N. J. Colonel Scott was born at Johnson. Vt., February IE, 186. When the Civil War broke out he enlisted in the Third Vermont Regiment as a musician. Later he was appointed on the staff of General "Baildy" Smith. He was the first man to receive a medal of honor for official bravery on the battlefield.

JOHN S. HANNAH.

Chicago, July 5.—John S. Hannah of Carrington & Co., and one of the oldest and hest-known members of the Board of Trade, died here to-day, While a recent operation greatly weakened him, he had been in falling health for some time. Mr. Hannah was born in Virginia fifty-five years ago and had been in Chicago thirty years.

ALFRED WILSON.

REPURIJIC SPECIAL.

WILL PROSPECT FOR OIL.

REPURIJIC SPECIAL.

WILL PROSPECT FOR OIL

PURPOSE.—This ancient document, while valuable historically and scientifically, is to be esteemed chiefly for its religious uses. The opening sentence antagonizes pantheism, polytheism, dualism, atheism, fatalism, materialism, into which the heathen world had failen. All systems of idolatry—star worship, hero worship, animal worship, image worship—are condemned. With one stroke, the writer of this chapter obliterates the underlying principles of the religious error of his time, and lays the foundation of the true system of religion. Concerning the deity, it implies his self-existence, his spirituality, his omnipresence, his omniscience, his eternity, his supremacy, his wisdom, his goodness, his providence. It represents man as the last in a wondrous chain of being, endowed with a nature that allied him to God and made him ruler over all beings below him. From these first utterances there is a natural unfolding into all the sublime verities contained in scripture. xx, 1l.)
PURPOSE,-This ancient document, while



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CITY TICKET OFFICE. Northwest Corner Broadway and Olive Street. OUTLING SCOPE AND

PLAN OF WORLD'S FAIR. Continued From Page One. between \$4,000,000 and \$5,000,000 had they per-

fected their plans more carefully before they began work. "At Buffalo they wasted about \$200,050 in noving buildings when they found them to be so close together that insurance men refused to take a fire risk on them, except

at prohibitive rates." Much work has been done on plan and cope. A printed outline of the scope of the Exposition, compiled at the instance of Secretary Stevens by Jose de Olivares from classifications of former expositions, has been mailed to each director. With this suggestive outline a request is made for suggestions as to amplification or concentration.

A proceeding much the same as in the selection of site will be necessary for the adoption of the plan and scope of the Ex-position. The Executive Committee will have to agree on it, and the Board of Di-rectors and the Louisiana Purchase Exposition Commission will have to approve it. WHAT BUILDINGS

WILL BE NEEDED.
On this plan and scope or classification of exhibits will depend in large measure the iber of the buildings to is known with some definiteness, from former expositions, that a Manufacturers' building, a Machinery building, an Art Gallery, etc., will be needed, but the further subdivision varies. stance, there is an Ethnology building. This is a departure from former expositions. On the other hand, the Buffalo Exposition puts manufactures and liberal arts together into one building, and machinery and transportation together in another, while to electricity and acetylene, respectively, special

buildings are devoted. The Louisiana Purchase Exposition Di-rectors will visit the Believille Street Fair this afternoon as the guests of the Belle-ville Elks. The Directors will meet at 1:30 o. m. in the offices in the Laclede building. Cyrus P. Walbridge, fourth vice president, will, in the absence of President Francis, First Vice President Corwin H. Spencer, Second Vice President Samuel M. Kennard and Third Vice President D. M. Houser, head the party and deliver the principal ad dress. Other addresses will be by N. M. Beil and Congressman S. M. Robertson of Louisiana, who represented Governor Heard of Louisiana at the dedicatory exercises in Buffalo.

Three new stenographers have been added to the World's Fair force: James Johnson, R. H. Sexton and Collins Thompson.

An informal meeting of the Press and Publicity Committee, at which Chairman Stockton, Secretary Stevens and Director Schroers were present, was held last night at the home of Mr. Schroers, No. 1730 Missouri avenue. The object of the meeting was to learn the results of the investiga-tions which Director Schroers pursued at the Pan-American Exposition on the visit of St. Louisans to dedicate the Louisiana Purchase building. Director Schroers spent considerable time with Mark Bennitt, chief of the Department of Publicity, and

observed his methods and the publicity ma chinery he had built up.

CREDIT DUE WHITTLESEY.

Wrote the Famous "Capture or Destroy" Dispatch to Dewey.

Destroy" Dispatch to Dewey.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Washington, July 8.—Lieutenant Humes
H. Whittlesey, when an assistant to Rear
Admiral Crowninshield, wrote the dispatch
sent to Admiral Dewey, directing him to
capture or destroy the Spanish fleet.

Secretary Long's speech at Natasket
Beach, in which he declined to accept the
credit for the dispatch, and stated that he
did not know what subordinate in the department prepared it, caused not a little
comment in naval circles to-day.

The dispatch was written on Sunday by
Lieutenant Whittlesey, in accordance with
instructions given him by Rear Admiral
Crowninshield. The draft was handed to
Secretary Long by Rear Admiral Crowninshield, and the Secretary read it to the
President, and by his direction signed it.
The original of the dispatch, with one correction, was unfortunately torn up by
Lieutenant Whittlesey after he, with the
assistance of Mr. E. D. Callahan, a clerk
in the Bureau of Navigation, and subsequently Secretary of the War Board, had
put it in cipher.

STEEL STRIKE SITUATION.

Mills and Men Each Waiting for

The Other to Act.

Pittsourg. July 5.—There seems to be little or no change in the steel strike situation. At the headquarters of the Amelgamated Association all is quiet. President Shaffer, when asked if there was any truth in the rumor that he was going to New York for a conference with the officials of the United States Steel Corporation, said: "No; I have not been invited, and do not want to go. The only trip I may take is to Milwaukee, to assist in the settlement of several special scales for the Federal Steel Company."

On being asked if there was enything new in the stituation, he said: "No; there is In the stimation, he said: "No; there is nothing."

The signature to the amalgamated scale was received this morning from the Cleveland Hardware Company of Cleveland, O Asked whether he had made the statement attributed to him, that he had set a limit to the time in which a settlement could be made without the strike being attacked, and that at the expiration of that time no agreement having been reached, he would order out all the amalgamated men exployed in mills controlled by the United States Steel Corporation, President share replied that he had never given anybody occasion to say anything of the line.

BY THE CROWN PRINCE.

American Naval Commander En tertained by Danish Boyalty. Copenhagen, July 5.—In the absence of King Christian, the Crown Prince, Frederick, to-day received Commander John M. Hawley of the United States training ship Hartford. They had a long and cordial conversation.

SODALITY LAWN PARTY—The Toung Ladies' Sodality will give a lawn party and entertainment next Wednesday evening on the campus of the Christian Brothers College for the benefit of the Old Cathedral Professor De Lisle's string band has been engaged to furnish music for the dancers.

